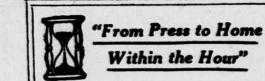
CLOSING NEW YORK STOCKS PAGE 14



Daily Average, 69,279; Sunday, 52,426.

No. 20,034.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1915.-EIGHTEEN PAGES.

AVALANCHE OF RAIN, DRIVEN BY 36-MILE GALE, SWEEPS CITY

Storm Does Great Damage to Crops in Nearby Maryland and Virginia.

WATER RACES THROUGH STREETS OF CAPITAL

Poles Leveled.

NEAR-HURRICANE ON RIVER

Part of Pier at Chesapeake Beach Hurled Into Bay-Pleasure Craft Sunk-Much Small Game Killed.

the Atlantic coast, swept over Washington last night, and for twelve hours deluged the city Rabbits and quail are said to be more by a gale which was measured at many of them. Hundreds of English miles an hour. Gales of greater way and sidewalk in the vicinity of Pennsylvania avenue and 7th street severity were reported from other places, New York city, for instance, catching a sixty-mile breeze, and unscientific, but thoroughly appreciative, watchers in repaired.

this morning.

Attempts to communicate with Colonial Beach from here today were met with the response that telephone lines to that point are down in several places and that nothing definite could be predicted as to when they would be repaired.

this morning.

Attempts to communicate with Colonial Beach from here today were met with the response that telephone lines to that point are down in several places and that nothing definite could be predicted as to when they would be last night. oughly appreciative, watchers in repaired Leonardtown, St. Mary and other points in Prince Georges and St. Mary counties claim that the

as present reports indicate, but

Came From Florida.

Although the published reports from the weather bureau indicated merely "unsettled" conditions for last night, it was said at the bureau this morning that storm warnings had been sent out. The storm has been slowly wending its way from Florida. It covered a comparatively small area as it bowled along, but was extremely severe. The storm center on the weather bureau map looks like a cannon ball, and covered only about fifty miles of area.

The rainfall was heavy for a si storm, 2.34 inches being recorded here, but Raleigh, N. C., the home of the Secretary of the Navy, received almost twice as much water, the instruments there recording a total depth of five

While Washington was in the middle of it last night, the storm extended from Virginia to New York city, and this morning was reported as having its center over New York city.

Trees Blown Down,

The police estimate of trees blown down in this city reaches fifty. In addition hundreds of limbs were broken from trees and scattered upon the streets. A great portion of these were defective and would have been trimmed off soon anyhow, saving work for the tree trimmers and proving that it is

The police had their hands full, as the fallen limbs and trees had to be marked by lighted lanterns to protect wagons and other vehicles from danwagons and other vehicles from danger. The rubber coats worn by policemen were small use to them, it seemed, as nearly every member of the force turned in from duty thoroughly drenched. "Trouble men" from the electric light and telephone companies were kept on the jump in the wind and rain much of the night. Two circuits on the fire alarm system were put out of com-mission for a while, a number of boxes in the Tenleytown and Brookland sec-tions being affected. Telephone wires were not seriously troubled, it was re-

Streets Like Canals.

In several sections of the city the police reported that sewers were obstructed. They were surface sewers and their failure to carry off the water meant that streets were given the appearance of canals or small rivers. At streets northeast the streets were northwest a large tree was blown against a residence. The awning in front of the store of Berry & Whitmore. 11th and F streets northwest, was blown down.

Damage in Maryland.

Reports of storm damage in the neighboring Maryland counties indicate great damage to crops. Travelers who reached the city from Leonardtown and other points in that general direction today tell of fields of corn seemingly totally destroyed. Passengers on a motor bus from Leonardtown today said they had to stop several times to remove big trees and a telegraph pole which had fallen directly across the road. Rain and wind were violent in St. Mary and Prince Georges counties. A roof was lifted from a house just this side of Mechanicsville, travelers reported today. A colored family living in the house were routed to the control of th

Hill road not far from Surrattsville, managed to reach this city in his automobile this morning. He reported that a number of trees were blown across the road, but the obstructions had been removed by a public-spirited resident of the county, who had a hired man accompany him on his motor truck and use his ax with telling effect.

"The corn looks as if a steam roller had gone over it," the sheriff remarked," and other crops were damaged by the rain and wind.

"Farmers will not complain, however.

"Farmers will not complain, however, if they save one-half their crops," he added, "as present prices paid for produce hardly does much more than pay for the hauling."

Beach Damages. Many cottagers and campers a

Chesapeake Beach and North Beach, Md., spent a sleepless night, as the wind and rain struck there with greater severity than in many other localities. Several hundred feet of the Chesapeake Beach Company's long pier was washed away, sections of it being driven as far as North Beach, a mile Many Trees Blown Down, Wires
distant. Many trees in the park and on the sloping lawns were uprooted.
The wide, flat country lying between The wide, flat country lying between Chesapeake Beach and North Beach was a lake this morning. Commuters, who usually use the connecting trolley line between the beaches, had to take shoes off and wade along the beach roadway today. T. A. Wickersham's motor launch was driven from its moorings and sank a mile from its usual anchorage. The bathing beach wire fencing, some of the boardwalk and guard ralls were damaged.

The management of the Chesapeake The management of the Chesapeake Beach railway sent its repair crew out early this morning, and the commuters' train arrived in Washington on time, in spite of swollen streams and miles of water lying along the roadway. Offi-A southeast storm, traveling schedule will not be affected.

Much Game Killed.

It is feared the storm killed much game in the surrounding country with beating rain, accompanied plentiful this year than usual, and the the weather bureau at thirty-six sparrows were drowned in this city. Scores of dead birds were in the road-

swept the river in recent years, with gale struck there at seventy miles the possible exception of the heavy Stern, at 10 o'clock, said the numnortheaster of the latter part of July two years ago. That storm was only of Reports have been coming in all a few hours' duration, while the one day telling of great damage to of yesterday started down river about corn, tobacco and orchards in the tinued through the night, reaching its list of missing, Coroner Hanley

river damage includes the sinking was done, the harbor being well protected from the force of easterly storms. The storm caused the water

to back up in the river and the oyster wharf and other low piers were covered, but no damage resulted.

The Corinthian Yacht Club, on the Virginia side of the river at the south end of the Highway bridge, was ex-posed to much of the force of the gale, but comparatively little damage was done there. A launch belonging to Messrs. Popenoe and Pratt, a speed-boat belonging to Capt. Pratt and a dinkey owned by Joseph Hill, lying at the club berth, filled and sank, but beyond the watersoaking they received safety. they are reported uninjured. Reports received from Colonial Beach and vicinity state that pleasure craft were damaged, but the buildings escaped.

Craft Reported Ashore.

L. A. Clarke & Sons received word this morning that their launch Virtheir schooner Bush is ashore at High

The hulk of the old steamboat Capital and a mile long.

The hulk of the old steamboat Capital and a mile long.

The identified dead are:

Emma Osborne, forty-four years old, City floated up on the K street wharf last night, but was shoved back into the river again this morning.

Corn, Tobacco, Wheat Damaged. UPPER MARLBORO, Md., August 4 A severe windstorm, accompanied by rain, swept over the greater portion of Prince Georges county last night, the wind reaching a velocity of forty miles an hour about midnight. Corn, tobacco and wheat were damaged, while ripening fruit was blown from the trees. The roads were badly washed in places and trees blown down. In Hyattsville the streets

strewn with debris and awnings were literally torn into threads. Shutters were torn away and many roofs were

THREE INCHES OF RAIN AND A FORTY-MILE GALE

Much Minor Damage Reported in Vicinity of Philadelphia by Last Night's Storm.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4.-Considerable minor damage was done in 18th and D streets and 13th and H this section early today by a heavy rainstorm, which was accompanied by flooded and a similar condition existed at Eaast Capitol and 9th streets and 28th and M streets northwest. At 18th and I streets northwest a mum velocity of forty miles an hour fence was blown across the pavement, at 4 a.m. During most of the night while at Florida avenue and 5th street the wind was in the thirties, according

A pile of cord wood belonging to Samuel M. Frazier, 2 Nichols avenue, Anacostia, was washed away from near the seawail by the high water. Early this morning most of the wood was recovered from the river.

fic. The Delaware and Schuykill rivers were high, the former being out of its banks at low points in this city. There was much damage to crops and fruit trees reported.

Reports from seashore points along the points along the provided that the points are recovered from the river. fic. The Delaware and Schuykill rivers were high, the former being out of There was much damage to crops Reports from seashore points along the southern New Jersey and Delaware coasts stated that while the wind was high and the rain heavy there was no

BELGIAN STEAMER SUNK

BY GERMAN SUBMARINE

IN FLOODS AT ERIE. RESULT OF STORM

All-Day Rain, Supplemented by Cloudburst, Causes Havoc -in Pennsylvania City.

DAMAGE TO PROPERTY PLACED AT \$3.000.000

Wall of Water Ten Feet in Depth Sweeps Through Streets.

MANY FAMILIES HOMELESS

Mills and Factories Likely to Be Idle for Weeks-Destruction in Other Sections of Country.

ERIE, Pa., August 4.- Daylight here broke over a floodstricken city, with its business streets running rivers of water. The estimated loss of fifty lives, property damage estimated at \$3,000,000, scores of homes and dozens of factories swept away and the distress of homeless hunlast night.

Coroner D S. Hanley shortly before noon today estimated that fifty persons perishel. Mayor ber probably would not exceed twenty-five, but after a survey of

territory for miles around Washington. Trees and telegraph poles were slapped to earth and lay across railroads and turn-pikes this morning, delaying traffic from several points.

No lives have been lost so far as present reports indicate, but tinued through the night, reaching its greatest violence after 10 o'clock.

Officers of the steamer Wakefield, which arrived here about daybreak, say the wind reached hurricane force and the rain was so heavy that nothing could be seen of lights or buoys. The river and bay steamers all prived here undamaged and on good time. The steamer Frederick is prospected to Mattox creek, was in Upper Machodoc creek when the worst of the storm developed, and she is reported to have remained there until it was over. The dents clone the course of Mill Returns From Mississippi Primary the stream, due to a rainfall of nearly three inches in six hours.

At 8:45 the Glenwood dam, down through the city, carrying scattered precincts in the sixty-five coun-

Recovery of Bodies.

With the coming of daybreak Erie turned to the task of recovering the bodies of victims of the cloudburst and flood, and at 9 o'clock fourteen had been placed in the temporary morgue. ginis and steam lighter Boo Hoo, had The flood, caused by the overflow of gone ashore in Neabsco creek and that Mill creek following the bursting of the Glenwood dam, swept throusection of the city a block in

of Parade street. John Donovan, city fireman.

Sweeney Anderson, sixty years old, of last 9th street. John Higgins, forty years old, Higgins, seventeen years son of John Higgins. son of John Higgins.

Mrs. John Higgins and infant.

Mrs. Cora Anderson Main, twentyeight years old, East 17th street.

Katherine E. Carroll,

Thomas Langdon.

Mayor Stern has made a request for company of the 16th Regiment of the

Pennsylvania National Guard to patrol Police and Firemen Work All Night

The police and fire forces of the city worked throughout the night on the ruins, recovering the fourteen bodies from an area that included approxi mately one-half of the devastated district. The men worked under the direction of Mayor W. J. Stern and the four members of the city council. The district swept by the flood extends from 26th street and French street, in the uptown business section, to 10th and State streets, a distance of about a

the dam sent a huge wave five feet high toward the city, and by the time it reached the first buildings on 26th treet it was crested with a mass of debris that acted like a huge battering ram on everything in its path.

Danger from falling high-tension
electric wires became apparent soon
after dawn, and the authorities threw a heavy guard of police and volun-teers around the flooded section. Many poles, weighted with wires and underby the flood, dropped into the

Four Blocks Submerged.

Four blocks on either side of the stream, including State street, the main business artery of the city, were covered with a depth from six inches to five feet.

The Loemhuis wagon works and the Nelson machine shop, each occupying nearly half a block, were the largest structures to be swept away. The Jarecki and Lovell wood working plants, two of the largest manufactories in the city, were covered with fifteen feet of water.



SPREADING THE CONTAGION.

FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Show Leading Candidates Are Close Together.

JACKSON, Miss., August 4.—Returns from yesterday's democratic primary elec and a huge wall of water swept state. The vote received thus far from had waited until the last minute to leave, and in several cases the families still refused to seek safety.

Natchez was leading Theodore C. Bilbo, lieutenant governor, by about 1,000 votes for the nomination for governor. The vote for the three other aspirants, H. M. Quin, P. S. Stovall and John R. Tally, was comparatively small, but indications were that a second primary probably will be necessary August 23 to decide between Bilbo and Reily for the gubernatorial

A majority of the returns received were from cities and towns, and Bilbo claims the vote in the country districts will place Indications early today were that E. B. Carter has been nominated lieutenant governor over L. M. Russell by about

20,000 majority. For other state offices for which there were contests returns thus far showed R. E. Wilson leading E. J. Smith for auditor and Dr. J. P. Taylor Returns received up to noon from 315 out of 1,200 precincts in the state gave out of 1,200 precincts in the state gave for governor: Reilly, 22,800; Bilbo, 19,220; combined vote for the three other contestants, 6,000. On the face of returns at hand the vote for Bilbo is said to be about 30 per cent under that given him four years ago for lieutenant

VIRGINIA SENATE 'DRY, **INSURES PROHIBITION**

Election Returns Indicate Laws to Carry Out the Enabling Act

RICHMOND, Va., August 4.-Many wires are prostrated following last night's severe storm, and returns from yesterday's democratic primary are not all in, ceived to make certain that the "dry element will have a safe working majorty in the Virginia senate.
With a large majority in the house of With a large majority in the house of delegates, the drys concentrated upon the senate and defeated Senators Brock, Hobbs and Massie, listed by them as wets, and it is possible that T. S. Henning of Powhatan has beaten the veteran J. P. Watkins of Chesterfield. The senate last year was evenly divided, Lieut. Gov. Ellyson casting the deciding vote for the drys.

Yesterday's results insure, the dry claim, the enactment of the laws to carry out the provisions of the enabling act, sed at a general election last year.

WOULD IMPEACH PUBLEOY. Alabama House Advised Removal of

Secretary of State.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., August 4.-By ommittee early this morning voted to Purifoy, secretary of state, on charges Early this morning gas mains all of failing to make an accounting of over the city were cut off and telephone, street car and electric lighting to make an accounting of sl,000 alleged to have been paid to James H. Nunnellee, in consideration of Nunnellee's withdrawal from the race for secretary of state. A subcommittee has been appointed and charged with the duty of preparing the atticles of impeachment. Purifoy has held state offices since 1880, serving as probate judge, member of the lower house, auditor, examiner of public accounts, state treasurer and secretary of state.

REPLY WILL CONTEST STEP TO RESTORE PEACE

Answer to London's Latest Notes on U. S. Commerce Ready for Dispatch.

President Wilson's reply to Great Britain's latest notes rejecting the American demands for relief from interferties showed that Marion W. Reily of ences with neutral commerce under the with it the homes of those who Natchez was leading Theodore C. Bilbo, orders in council is practically ready to be dispatched to London

Although Great Britain's notes were made public only today and the State Department received them only Monday, the American government knew the British views through informal conferences between American and British officials here and in London, and had framed its reply before the notes actually were received. It is believed there will be little change in the answer already prepared when it goes to London.

Trend Toward Commission.

Admitting the unusual conditions which Great Britain contends are ba sis for exceptional action, the American reply will continue to contest the legality of taking ships from the high seas on voyages to neutral ports. It is understood the American gov ernment will differentiate from ships on the high seas and ships which go to British ports or which attempt to run blockade lines. The British argument that American commerce has not sufalso will be contested In all quarters it seems to be as the that the controversy has reached the stage of an academic discussion, with some evidences of a trend toward ulti-mate submission to an international arbitral commission as a way out of

KILLS SUNDAY BLUE LAWS. Alabama Senate Will Not Restrict

Sabbath Amusements. MONTGOMERY, Ala., August 4.-At night session of the senate the drastic lunday blue laws measure met with defeat by a vote of 24 to 7. Nearly 40,000 signatures attached to petitions from the larger cities of the state were presented. The bill provided for pro-hibition of base ball, moving pictures and all Sunday amusements excepgolf. An amendment was adopted which gave cities of over 25,000 the power to regulate Sunday amusements through city commissions. When the amended bill was passed the author withdrew the original, and after a long fight the slate was cleaned of all restrictions as to Sunday amusements.

AMERICAN CARGOES HELD.

Vessels Carrying Cottonseed and Wheat Taken in Custody. LONDON, August 4.-The Danish steamship Hulda Maersk, which sailed

from Savannah July 10 and Norfolk July 13, for Malmo, Sweden, with a cargo of cottonseed, is being detained in a port of the United Kingdom by the British authorities. COPENHAGEN, via London, August 4.-The Malmo (Sweden) correspondent of Berlingske Tidende telegraphs recommend to the House the filing of that several ships laden with whea articles of impeachment against John from America have been detained there owing to the discovery that the wheat

IN HAITI WINS SUPPORT

Admiral Caperton, Resigning Post.

Rear Admiral Caperton's first step to restore peace and government in the Isand of Haiti has won the co-operation tary forces of the late President Guillaume, who was killed by a mob on the recent uprising. Gen. Blot has acceded to the request of Admiral Caperton that he resign his military post and head a movement to organize a commission to administer the civil affairs

Admiral Caperton's plan for disarm ing the natives and making a peaceful agreement between the military and political factions seems assured of success.

The mixed commission sent to Cape

Blot and Bobo, another leader, to Port au Prince to co-operate in the peace Bobo Has Not Yielded.

Bobo has not yielded, and his revolu ionists are reported menacing Cape Haitien, necessitating landing of sailors from the gunboat Nashville, No report of this latter development, however, has been received from Admiral

arrival of the battleship Connecticut at Port au Prince, 1,300 marines and bluejackets could be landed in an emergency.

"We do not contemplate sending any more reinforcements to Haiti," said Admiral Benson. "But, if it becomes necessary, we will send the armored cruiser Tennessee, now at New York."

Rebels Enter Cape Haitien.

CAPE HAITIEN, August 4 .- Govern ment officials who have been in this city have fled to Fort Liberte on the dispatch boat Pacifique. Revolution-ist troops are beginning to enter the city, and marines have been landed to the conference tomorrow at city, and marines have been landed the state Department is the fact that dispatch boat Pacifique. Revolutioncity, and marines have been landed from the United States gunboat Nashville to maintain order.

SINKING OF A BRITISH TRANSPORT IS REPORTED

Sayville.-The Overseas News Agency has made public an Athens dispatch saying that a German submarine had sunk the British transport Arneuron and that a majority of the crew of the vessel were drowned.

PLANS FOR GERMAN LOAN. Banks Reported in Good Condition to Take Care of Issue.

BERLIN, via London, August 4.-The chief business of the reichstag, which assembles August 19, will be to vote new credits for war purposes. While the details of the new bonds have not been arranged, it is assumed in banking circles that the amount, like that of the last loan, will be unlimited. The rate will be 5 per cent, but the subwhich was consigned to a Malmo mer-chant, was destined to Germany. Three large steamers, to which it was inscription price is expected to be somewhat above 99, as compared with 981/2 tended to transfer the wheat, also are for the March loan.

Airmen Bombard Constantinople.

LONDON, August 4.—Telegraphing from Petrograd, the Morning Post correspondent says that Russian aviators have flown over Constantinople and dropped with effect a number of bombs on the harlor works.

It he March Italian The prospects for the success of the next loan are regarded as being highly satisfactory. The great German banks say they have completely sold out their bonds of the two previous war loans and now have unusually heavy deposits. These recently were swollen so abnormally that the Berlin banks as short time ago reduced the rate paid on current deposits to the normal level.

ENVOYS TO DISCUSS CHECK TO GERMANS STRIFE IN MEXICO

Pan-Americans to Consider Plans to Bring Peace to That Republic.

FIVE PROPOSITIONS **UNDER CONSIDERATION**

Final Appeal, Munitions Embargo Carranza's Recognition. Selection of President, Intervention.

When the diplomatic representatives of six South and Central American republics meet with Secretary Lansing of the State Department tomorrow afternoon in the State Department at 2:30 Delay in German Advance Explained o'clock, to discuss the Mexican situation, among the important questions which, it is expected, will be considered are the follow-

A final appeal to the various factions now warring in Mexico to end the strife and arrange for a settled government.

An embargo on the shipment of arms and ammunition into Mexico, which will effectually prevent the factions which continue to remain at war from receiving sup

The recognition of the Carranza government as the dominating nfluence in Mexico. The selection of a president

who will be satisfactory to at least a large portion of the Mexican people, and whose government will be recognized by the American nation.

Armed intervention by the United States and other American republics to bring about peace in

No Territorial Aggrandisement. Gen. Blot Accedes to Plan of Rear steps taken will be a pronouncement that it is not the purpose of the United States or any other country to seek territorial aggrandizement in Mexico. It was learned today that Paul Fuller one of President Wilson's special envoys in Mexico since the outbreak of the war between Carranza and Villa, will participate in the conference tomorrow. He was in consultation on the Mexican situation with Secretary Lansing today. Duval West, another

of the President's special investigators is in the city also. European governments with heavy Mexica—n holdings are believed to be ready to follow the lead of the United States in Mexico and will back up th course adopted at the conference to morrow. Those governments repre-sented at the conference, in addition to the United States, will be Brazil, Argentina, Chile, Bolivia, Guatemala and

The representatives of the constitu tionalist party in Mexico, headed by Gen. Carranza, have by no means given up hope that the United States will de-The mixed commission sent to cape Haitien by Admiral Caperton had instructions to prevail upon the forces of the north to disarm and to bring the country, in view of the successes of the north to disarm and to bring which have attended the Carranza which have attended the Carranza forces and the fact that Mexican capi tal and a very large proportion of the country is now under the control of

the Carranzistas. Feeding Capital People.

Gen. Carranza cabled his agency her today that with the reoccupation of the capital he had appointed a commission of five civilians to supervise distribu tion of foodstuffs and was arranging to Rear Admiral Benson, acting secre-tary of the navy, said today that with about the capital for its protection and defeated the retreating Zapata troops. defeated the retreating Zapata troops Communication between San Luis Po-tosi and Tampico has been restored. Gen. Obregon reported to Gen. Carranza that Gen. Villa lost 7,000 mer

fight at Aguascalientes

The first direct word from the Brazil ian minister in Mexico City to reach Washington since July 19 came today with the establishment of communication between Vera Cruz and Mexico City. Two long messages from Senor Cardosa reached the department. Offilation to the conference tomorrow at the State Department is the fact that decision to ask ald of Central and South America in settling the Mixecan difficulty was reached by President Wilson in June when his warning to the warring factions to settle their difficulties and restore peace went un-

diplomats were invited June 3 to participate in a conference, while the appeal to the Mexican factions was made June 2. Announcement was with-held, however, pending the sanctioning of the plan by the Latin American na-

Last Appeal Probable. It was considered likely today that

the first step in the President's plan.

which will be submitted to the conference by Secretary Lansing, will be a even begun. last appeal to the factions to end the strife and arrange for a settled government. If any factions fall to heed the warning the plan is said to include extension of moral and finacial support to other factions.

The plan is also said to include a restoration of the ban on war munitions to the revolutionary factions and a demand that the railroad line between Vera Cruz and Mexico City between vera Cruz and Mexico city between vera for the transportation of tween Vera Cruz and Mexico City be kept open for the transportation of foed supplies to the starving people of the capital. Failure to do this might result in joint steps by the United States and the Latin American nations to take physical control of the capital and the railroad by force and to hold-them pending restoration of peace.

Capture Three Mexicans. Details of the clash between United

(Continued on Second Page.)

INSPIRES THE HOPE OF SAVING WARSAW

ONE CENT.

Teutonic Tide Halted Except in the Directions of Riga and Ivangorod.

BERLIN SAYS EVACUATION OF CITY IS ANNOUNCED

Optimistic View of Situation Taken by the General Staff at Petrograd.

TASK GROWS IN DIFFICULTY

by Necessity of Safeguarding Lengthening Lines of Communication

BERLIN, August 4 (by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.) .- The Overness News Agency today says the Russian legation at The Hague, Netherlands, has officially announced the evacuation of Warsaw on account of the over the Vistula river, the same advices say, have been ordered blown

Reports prepared at the front and given out by the Overseas News Agency say the investment of the ressing. Eight of the outer forts these advices, and the possibility of the Russian forces within the citadel escaping is constantly diminish

capital was not referred to in the Russian official communication issued in Petrograd today, and no

Checked by Rear Guard.

LONDON, August 4, 12:12 p.m.-Rear-guard fighting of the Russians to the northwest of Warsaw has proved so effective that the German tide seems to have been held up, while to the south Field Marshal von Mackensen's forces pushing north from

Lublin are being badly battered.

Hope to Save Warsaw. About the only Austro-German progress chronicled on the vast semi-circular front in the east is toward Riga, in the extreme north

and before Ivangorod. Warsaw still holds out and the hope that the Polish capital may vet be saved is becoming stronger throughout Russia, France and

Great Britain.

delay.

Explanation of Delay. The German press notes the gause in the Teutonic offensive and explains that with the daily lengthening of communications the problem of transport and reinforcement becomes more complicated, which accounts for the

At the same time the efficacy of the Russian rear-guard blows is not ignored by the newspapers. The German emperor and his consort, heretofore reported on their way to Warsaw for a triumphant entry, have had perforce to postpone the completion of their

From Warsaw itself comes the optimistic prediction that if the city is able to endure a week longer-and the dispatch was written four days agothe evacuation may be avoided. Although thousands of civilians have fled, the life of the beleaguered capital

is pictured as fairly normal. Russian Staff Optimistic.

An optimistic view of the situation is reflected in an official statement given out today at Petrograd by the Russian general staff, which said: "During the last three days the enemy has made enormous efforts to dis-

lodge us from the sector of the Narew river from Ostrolenka to Lomza. "In the district of Jedwabno the enemy is conducting trench warfare, but by the exploding of mines we have confidently held the upper hand. "On the Pissa and Skwa rivers the whole enemy attacked us, having first launched against us reinforcements

brought up from France. Nevertheless we soon saw a complete German defeat in this sector, for it took the enemy a week to drive back from the village of Serwatka (on the right bank of the Pissa) our rear guard regiment, while the battle for the passages of the Narew, near Novogorod, has not

Shielded by a Forest.

"Near the mouth of the Skwa the enemy, thanks to the forests, succeeded in passing to our side of the river, but we successfully prevented him from bringing his artillery across the Narew, and at the point of the bayonet we annihilated some forces which were deprived of the protection of their artillery. These forces compelled the enemy to withdraw from this sector the reinforcements which had come from France and send them to reinforce the Rozan army, which was moving more rapidly. "This army was considerably strength-

came to it from the left bank of the Details of the clash between United States troops and Mexican brigands in the neighborhood of Brownsville yesterday morning are contained in the following dispatch to the Wag Depart
(Continued on Second Page.)

Camb to it from the left bank of the Wistula. Nevertheless, all efforts of the enemy to make progress to the east and west were broken by the river Oje.

The enemy then changed the direction of his attack and now on the front between the Narew and the Oje is mak-

ened by other reinforcements which